Photography

Teachers: Diana Filbee

Photography is a GCSE option to Key stage 4 pupils. During the course pupils will learn how to successfully capture a variety of images through digital photography, experimenting and enhancing their skills. By the end of a two year course, pupils will have developed a portfolio of work that will be submitted to gain a GCSE in AQA Art and Design – Photography.

Schemes of work:

Year 10

Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
The Autumn term is primarily spent focusing on the introduction to photography and delivering the basic principles. This is completed using the formal elements found in photography. During the first half term, pupils are expected to complete photoshoots based on colour, texture, line, shape and space. Pupils will have teaching content delivered, one to one support as well as working independently to create shoots that evidence their understanding of the formal elements. This skill based evidence will comprise of gathered research, research of other photographers and finally pupils own photographs that show their capabilities in taking photos of the formal elements. The knowledge learned in the first term will guide pupils through the basic principles, in order to start creating their first project in the spring term. Areas of basic principles covered are: 1. Types of Cameras 2. Types/Genres of Photography 3. Safety and the camera 4. Camera workings 5. Still / moving photography 6. DSLR vs. digital camera vs. camera phone. 7. History of photography 8. Composition formal elements 9. Recovering and saving photographs 10. Storing photographs digitally	 Focusing Quality Resolution Aperture Shutter speed Panning, Composition 	The summer term encourages pupils to begin planning photography shoots for their second part of their coursework assignment. Pupils will use the opportunity to create shots for their own chosen project, exploring further into their interests, styles and skills. There may be an opportunity (towards the end of the term) to compose some rural and urban landscapes shoots, however, the majority of the time photo shoots will still be on a smaller scale and in and around the school grounds. Pupils will also be encouraged to practise their skills learnt outside of school to explore interests further. Once again, pupils will use the knowledge they have gained from prior teaching with the addition of skills needed to capture landmarks and buildings. This skill set will consist of • View-points and focus on view to present the subject matter. • Macro photography to capture architectural detail. The focus could be the study of texture, colour contrast or sharply focused detail • Position and point of focus to control depth of field as well as Wide Angle shots. • Camera shutter speed and motion to record movement. Demonstrating how to use shutter speed control to record the frozen moment in time and shutter control to record the passage of time as blurred movement • Film speed to explore the effect on resolution and response to lighting conditions. • Lighting techniques and how to capture light changing, natural and artificial light, light through windows or other obstructions. This area of focus will also concentrate on contracts such as soft and harsh lighting and shadow and highlight.

Year 11

Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
In the Autumn term, pupils are given time within their photography lessons to		
begin planning and preparing how they wish to format, display and present their two photography projects ready for internal and external moderation. This can be presented in numerous ways – folders, sketchbooks, display boards, digitally on PowerPoint or websites. Pupils are to formulate and create	Externally set assignment phase: Externally set assignment (ESA) papers are available to students and teachers from 2nd January. A preparatory period is followed by 10 hours of supervised work in which students are required to create a final response to one of the questions posed by the exam board. The externally set assignment is 40% of the GCSE.	The summer term is time for pupils to display both Coursework Assignments and their Externally Set Assignment ready for internal moderation by the teacher and external moderation by the exam board.
their own displays of work. Pupils need to showcase all the skills they have learned and evidenced	Externally set assignment (ESA) papers are available to students and teachers from 2nd January. The paper consists of 8 photography starting points varying in subject matter. Pupils are required to select one as a brief for their ESA project. A preparatory period is followed by 10 hours of supervised, unaided	Pupils are encouraged to help display their work in a specific area, choosing which pieces of work belong to their research phase, developmental work and finally their final responses. Pupils are to select carefully, choosing works that
throughout their photography shoots and proper planning takes place as to which photos are integrated into their final projects as well as how best to format and display.	 work in which students are required to realise their intentions. Schools may manage/timetable the preparatory period (informal supervision time) and ten hours of supervised time at their discretion, but must allow sufficient time to assess work and submit marks to AQA exam board by the deadline of 31 May. 	showcase the best in their photography as well as works that define both projects.
Pupils also begin to edit and enhance their selected imagery further, which	 ESA papers will be given to students in their entirety and must not be edited, changed or abridged in any way. Pupils can then select the brief that appeals to them. Students do not have to reference all or any of the named photographers on the paper. They may do their own independent research and look at other sources but should clearly reference any 	Once displays are created, the exam board representative will be invited into school to assess the work, ready for the final GCSE submission.
allows pupils to scrutinise and reflect on each image. This process also helps to define their ideas of potential final outcomes for both Food Photography and Landscape Photography projects.	 photographer they use within the development of their project. Preparatory work must be available to students throughout the 10 hours of supervised time. They may refer to their preparatory work but must not add to it or amend it during the supervised sessions or between or after sessions. Drawing and written annotation must be evidenced. 	
Within their project displays, pupils must -	All work completed during the 10 hour supervised sessions must be clearly labelled as such.	The summer term also encourages pupils to continue planning photograph shoots outdoors with the integration of their exam work that may involve rura
 gather and document experiences of school organised visits and photography walks. 	The spring term also encourages pupils to begin planning their final photography shoots outdoors (if suited to the child's ideas) with the integration of a project that	and urban landscape photography if this suits their chosen examindividualised work.
 demonstrate use of sources by learning how to effectively access, retrieve and subsequently record information relevant to the project themes of food and landscape. 	involves rural and urban landscape photography if this suits their chosen exam individualised work. Pupils can use the opportunity to create shots that are inspired by the local landscape of the coast and other areas in and around the city, as well as	
 make clear, explicit connections between their selected sources and the development of ideas in their practical work. use the results of their analysis and explain their connections 	spend some time creating visuals that contrast with this concept by looking at architecture for living – streets and roads, pavements and parks and spaces used by the public.	
between sources (food or landscape) and the development of their ideas.	Once again, pupils will use the knowledge they have gained from prior teaching with the addition of skills needed to capture landmarks and buildings. This skill set will	
 explore and refine their ideas through trials and experimentation in any appropriate photographic media. 	View-points and focus on view to present the subject matter.	
 record their ideas, insights and observations about their own work with relevant written annotation and purposeful drawing activity, suitable for photography. 	 Macro photography to capture architectural detail. The focus could be the study of texture, colour contrast or sharply focused detail Position and point of focus to control depth of field as well as Wide Angle shots. 	
This process of refinement will encourage pupils to create singular outcomes of photographs into a potential 'series' of images that can be used as their final photographic outcome for their coursework assignment.	 Camera shutter speed and motion to record movement. Demonstrating how to use shutter speed control to record the frozen moment in time and shutter control to record the passage of time as blurred movement Film speed to explore the effect on resolution and response to lighting conditions. Lighting techniques and how to capture light changing, natural and artificial light, light through windows or other obstructions. This area of focus will also concentrate on contracts such as soft 	

and harsh lighting and shadow and highlight.

Syllabus materials KS4: